

GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS
Fixed Price (FP MAR 2011)

CONTENTS.....	PAGE
1. Definitions.....	1
2. Order of Precedence.....	1
3. Agreement for Benefit of DOE.....	1
4. Acceptance of Terms and Conditions	2
5. Employee Concerns Program.....	2
6. Cooperating with DOE Office of Inspector General.....	2
7. Reporting Waste, Fraud, and Abuse.....	2
8. Public Release of Information.....	3
9. Confidentiality of Information	3
10. Compliance with Laws.....	3
11. Work Schedule.....	3
12. Prohibited Items at Y-12.....	3
13. DOE Security Badges and Clearance Requirements.....	4
14. Workplace Substance Abuse Program.....	5
15. Environmental, Safety, and Health	6
16. Independent Contractor.....	8
17. Hold Harmless	8
18. Material Requirements.....	8
19. Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.....	8
20. Export Control.....	8
21. Authorization and Consent.....	8
22. Patent Indemnity.....	9
23. Insurance	9
24. Payment	9
25. Taxes-Fixed Price, Federal State and Local Taxes.....	10
26. Interest.....	10
27. Assignment.....	11
28. Assignment of Claims	11
29. Resolution of Disputes	11
30.. Bankruptcy.....	12
31. Stop-Work Order.....	12
32. Suspension of Work.....	12
33. Changes	12
34. Change Order Accounting.....	13
35.. Delays	13
36. Loss of Productivity.....	14
37. Adjustments	14
38. Government Property	15
39. Inspection of Supplies	16
40.. Inspection of Services	17
41. Warranty of Supplies	17
42. Warranty of Services.....	18
43. Responsibility for Supplies	18
44. Specifications, Drawings, and Other Technical Data... ..	18
45. Suspect/counterfeit Items	19
46 Risk of Loss	20
47. Transportation.....	20
48. Termination for Default	20
49. Termination for Convenience	21
50. Clauses Incorporated by Reference.....	23

1. DEFINITIONS

The following terms shall have the meanings below:

(a) Government means the United States of America and includes the U. S. Department of Energy (DOE), the National

Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA), or any duly authorized representative thereof.

(b) Company means Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services Y-12, LLC (B&W Y-12) acting under its Prime Contract No. DE-AC05-00OR22800 with DOE.

(c) Seller means the person or organization that has entered into this Agreement with the Company.

(d) Agreement means Purchase Order, Subcontract, Price Agreement, AVID Agreement, Basic Ordering Agreement, or Modification thereof.

(e) Article or Clause is the numbered paragraph of General Terms & Conditions.

(f) Subcontract Administrator means Company’s cognizant Procurement representative.

(g) Subcontract Technical Representative means the duly authorized Company representative who provides technical direction to the Seller in performance of the work under this Agreement.

(h) Educational Institution means an entity described in Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-21.

(i) On-site work means work in furtherance of this Agreement at a DOE-owned or –leased area or Company-owned or –leased area.

2. ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

Any inconsistencies shall be resolved in accordance with the following descending order of precedence in Agreement documents:

- (a) The Schedule (excluding Sections C and G);
- (b) Negotiated Alterations or Special Provisions;
- (c) General Terms and Conditions;
- (d) Clauses Incorporated by Reference;
- (e) Supplemental Conditions;
- (f) Specifications or Statement of Work, or other description of services or supplies; and
- (g) Drawings.

3. AGREEMENT FOR BENEFIT OF DOE

(a) Funding – Company shall make all payments under this Agreement from Government funds advanced and agreed to be advanced by DOE, and not from its own funds. In almost all circumstances, funds recovered by Company from Seller are Government funds.

(b) Administration – Administration of this Agreement may be transferred, in whole or in part, to DOE or its designee(s), and to the extent of such transfer and notice thereof to Seller, Company shall have no further responsibilities hereunder.

(c) Company Right to Recovery – The Company, a Managing and Operating Contractor, acting under its Prime Contract with DOE, has entered into this Agreement with Seller for the benefit of DOE. If Company seeks recovery from Seller, Seller agrees it shall not plead, assert or raise in any manner a defense that Company has no right to recover (1) because the Company itself, rather than DOE/NNSA, has suffered no damages on account of the cost-reimbursable nature of Company’s Prime Contract with DOE, or (2) because DOE has accepted the project or task performed under this Agreement.

4. ACCEPTANCE OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

(a) Seller, by signing this Agreement, delivering the supplies, or performing the requirements indicated herein, agrees to comply with all the terms and conditions and all specifications and other documents that this Agreement incorporates by reference or attachment. Company hereby objects to any terms and conditions contained in any acknowledgment of this Agreement that are different from or in addition to those mentioned in this Agreement.

(b) Failure of Company to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement shall not be construed as (1) evidence to interpret the requirements of this Agreement, (2) a waiver of any requirement, or (3) a waiver of the right of Company to enforce each and every provision. In accordance with Tennessee Code, Section 47-50-112(c), no waiver of any provision or part thereof of this Agreement shall be valid unless such waiver is in a writing signed by the Subcontract Administrator. Any waiver shall be strictly construed and shall apply on a one-time basis unless expressly stated to apply otherwise.

5. EMPLOYEE CONCERNS PROGRAM

(a) For purposes of this clause, "Seller employees" are persons employed by Seller and engaged in on-site work or activities directly related to on-site work.

(b) Seller must notify Seller employees that:

(1) DOE and the Company maintain an Employee Concerns Program (ECP) that extends to Seller employees. An "employee concern" is a good-faith expression by an employee that a policy or practice by DOE, Company, or Seller should be improved, modified, or terminated. Concerns may address health, safety, the environment, management practices, ethics, harassment, discrimination, fraud, waste, or reprisal for raising a concern.

(2) The Company ECP provides Seller employees with a forum for consideration of employee concerns. Two purposes of the Company ECP are to ensure that Seller employees can raise employee concerns without fearing reprisal, and to address employee concerns in a timely and objective manner.

(3) Seller employees have the right and responsibility to report concerns relating to the environment, safety, health, or management of DOE-related activities. While Seller employees are encouraged first to seek resolution with first-line supervisors or organizational managers, or through Seller's own existing complaint or dispute-resolution systems, Seller employees have the right to report concerns through the Company ECP by calling 865-574-7744 or 865-574-7755. Seller employees may also call the NNSA Y-12 Site Office at 1-865-576-0401, or the DOE Employee Concerns Hotline at 1-800-688-5713.

(4) Although concerns may be reported anonymously, the investigation into the concern may be limited if insufficient information is provided when submitting the concern. Those who submit concerns anonymously will not receive a direct response.

(5) For on-site work or activities directly related to on-site work, Seller is subject to the DOE Contractor Employee Protection Program procedures of 10 CFR 708 for processing

complaints of alleged retaliation for disclosure of information concerning danger to public or worker health or safety, substantial violations of law, or gross mismanagement; for participation in Congressional proceedings; or for refusal to participate in dangerous activities. The provisions of 10 CFR 708 prohibit reprisals against Seller employees in response to, or in retaliation for, having raised good-faith reasonable concerns about DOE-related operations.

(c) Seller must assist Company and/or DOE in the resolution of employee concerns in a manner that protects the health and safety of both employees and the public and ensures effective and efficient operation of DOE-related activities under Seller's or Company's jurisdiction.

(d) Seller must cooperate with assessments used to verify that it has acted to minimize, correct, or prevent recurrence of the situation that precipitated a valid concern.

(e) Notices containing the information in subparagraph (b) and which are posted in areas where DOE-related work is performed will satisfy the notification requirement of subparagraph (b).

(f) Flowdown – Requirements of this clause shall be flowed down to all lower-tier subcontracts involving on-site work or activities directly related to on-site work.

6. COOPERATING WITH DOE OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

(a) Seller shall cooperate fully and promptly with requests from the DOE Office of Inspector General (OIG) for information and data relating to DOE programs and operations. The Seller must ensure that its employees (i) comply with requests by the OIG for interviews and briefings and provide affidavits or sworn statements, if so requested by an employee of the OIG so designated to take affidavits or sworn statements, and (ii) not impede or hinder another employee's cooperation with the OIG.

(b) Seller must ensure that reprisals are not taken against employees who cooperate with or disclose information to the OIG.

7. REPORTING WASTE, FRAUD, AND ABUSE

(a) General Requirements - Seller shall ensure its employees having information about actual or suspected violations of laws, regulations, or policies including fraud, waste, abuse, misuse, corruption, criminal acts, or mismanagement relating to DOE programs, operations, facilities, contracts, or information technology systems notify an appropriate authority. Examples of violations to be reported include, but are not limited to, allegations of false statements; false claims; bribery; kickbacks; fraud; environmental, safety, and health violations; theft, computer crimes; subcontractor mischarging; conflicts of interest; and conspiracy to commit any of these acts. Seller must ensure that its employees are aware that its employees are required to report actual or suspected violations. Reporting can be as follows: Company Ethics Hotline; phone 865 576-1900 (M-Th 7:00 AM – 5:30PM EST); fax 865 574-9656; Office of Inspector General; 1-800-541-1625 (M-F 8:00AM – 4PM EST)

(b) Seller Specific Requirements - Seller shall inform its employees annually of their duty to report allegations of information described in General Requirements above; display the OIG hotline telephone number in buildings and common areas under its responsibility such as cafeterias, public telephone areas, official bulletin boards, reception rooms, and building lobbies; publish the OIG hotline telephone number in telephone books, newsletters, or other means of widespread communication to employees under its responsibility; Seller and its employees shall report to the OIG within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 24 hours after discovery of any alleged violations; shall not take any reprisal action against an employee for reporting actual or suspected violations to the OIG.

(c) Flowdown - Requirements of this clause shall be flowed down to all lower-tier subcontracts.

8. PUBLIC RELEASE OF INFORMATION

(a) Seller shall not publicly disclose information concerning any aspect of the materials or services relating to this Agreement without the prior written approval of the Subcontract Administrator unless specifically required by law.

(b) The interest of the Company in this Agreement may not be used in advertising or publicity without advance written approval of the Company.

9. CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

(a) To the extent that work under this Agreement requires that Seller be given access to confidential or proprietary business, technical, or financial information belonging to the Government, the Company, or other parties, Seller shall after receipt thereof, treat such information as confidential and agrees not to appropriate such information to its own use or to disclose such information to third parties unless specifically authorized by Company in writing. The foregoing obligations, however, shall not apply to (1) information which, at the time of receipt by Seller is in public domain; (2) information which is published after receipt thereof by Seller or otherwise becomes part of the public domain through no fault of Seller; (3) information which Seller can demonstrate was in its possession at time of receipt thereof and was not acquired directly or indirectly from Government or Company; (4) information which Seller can demonstrate was received by it from a third party who did not require Seller to hold it in confidence.

(b) Seller shall obtain written agreement, in a form satisfactory to Company, of each employee permitted access, whereby the employee agrees that he will not discuss, divulge or disclose any such information or data to any person or entity except those persons within Seller's organization directly concerned with performance of this Agreement.

(c) Seller agrees, if requested by Company or DOE, to sign an agreement identical, in all material respects, to the provisions of this clause, with each company supplying information to Seller under this Agreement, and to supply a copy of such agreement to Company.

(d) Seller agrees that upon request by Company or DOE, it will execute a DOE-approved agreement with any party whose facilities or proprietary data it is given access to or is

furnished, restricting use and disclosure of the data or the information obtained from the facilities. Upon request by Company or DOE, such an agreement shall also be signed by Seller's personnel.

(e) This clause shall flow down to all appropriate lower-tier subcontracts.

10. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

(a) In performing work under this Agreement, the Seller shall comply with the requirements of applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations, unless relief has been granted in writing by the appropriate regulatory agency.

(b) Except as otherwise directed by the Company, the Seller shall procure all necessary permits or licenses required for the performance of work under this Agreement.

(c) Regardless of the performer of the work, the Seller is responsible for compliance with the requirements of this clause. The Seller is responsible for flowing down the requirements of this clause to subcontracts at any tier to the extent necessary to ensure the Seller's compliance with the requirements.

11. WORK SCHEDULE

(a) B&W Y-12 has adopted a work schedule of four ten-hour days, Monday through Thursday. Shifts begin at 6:00 a.m., 6:30 a.m., 7:00 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 8:00 a.m., or 8:30 a.m. Seller employees working on site at Y-12 must adopt the work schedule of four ten-hour days and must work shifts acceptable to their Subcontract Technical Representatives.

(b) Shipments will not be received at Y-12 on Fridays. Shipments will be received Mondays through Thursdays from 7:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. (7:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. for hazardous materials).

(c) The Seller must include this clause in subcontracts requiring work to be performed on site at Y-12.

12. PROHIBITED ITEMS AT Y-12

(a) General. The prohibitions in this clause apply at the Y-12 National Security Complex and at sites leased by B&W Y-12, LLC.

(b) Alcohol. Alcoholic beverages are prohibited.

(c) Information Technology (IT) devices. (1) A current list of acceptable IT devices for use at Y-12 is available to Seller and its employees at <http://www.v12.doe.gov/business/procurement/subcontracting/>. Seller agrees to review the list before entering this agreement and to check it periodically for updates before reporting for on-site work.

(2) Within Y-12's Limited Areas, Exclusion Areas, Material Access Areas, and Protected Areas (security areas designated by DOE for the protection of classified and other materials), all personally owned IT devices are prohibited without prior written approval obtained through the Subcontract Technical Representative (STR). The prohibited IT devices include, without limitation, cellular telephones, smart phones, personal digital assistants, personal electronic devices, pagers, and flash memory storage devices. Examples include the iPhone, iPod, iPad, Droid, BlackBerry, Evo, Pro Plus, Rogue, e-readers such as the Kindle or Nook, netbooks,

and laptop computers. These are only examples and this list is not exhaustive.

(3) Personally owned IT devices may be taken into, and used in, Y-12's designated Property Protection Areas unless otherwise posted as prohibited. Seller must confirm with the STR whether a particular area is a Property Protection Area. However, if any IT device contains one of the following features, then that feature cannot be used at any time: (A) camera capability; (B) built-in recording capability; or (C) Wi-Fi connection to the Y-12 networks, unless the STR has provided prior written approval.

(4) Personally owned IT devices may not be connected to Y-12 networks or Y-12 issued IT computing devices or components (i.e., printers) without prior written approval obtained through the STR. In no event may Y-12 data be stored on personally owned IT devices.

(5) In the event of a personal emergency while within the Y-12 NSC boundary, do not dial 911 from a cellular telephone. A personal cellular telephone may be used to contact the Plant Shift Superintendent's (PSS) office at 574-7172 for assistance. Dialing 911 from a cellular telephone does not contact the Y-12 plant's emergency services and will therefore delay assistance.

(6) Seller employees must self-report to the STR any violation of these restrictions on IT devices..

(d) Dangerous instruments. Instruments likely to produce substantial injury to persons or property are prohibited. This prohibition includes:

- Bows and arrows
- Explosive devices
- Firearms and any ammunition
- Knives with blades longer than three inches and switchblades
- Stun guns, mace, pepper spray
- Martial arts weapons and equipment
- Weapons or simulated weapons

(e) Media. (1) Use of any personally owned media, such as Universal Serial Bus (USB) flash memory drives, USB memory keys, memory sticks, compact discs, floppy discs, etc., is prohibited without prior written approval obtained through the STR. Approval will require, among other things, that the media or device be labeled according to B&W Y-12 guidance pertaining to data content type and thereafter properly accounted for and destroyed if required. In no event may Y-12 data be stored on personally owned media.

(2) Government owned media that has been used in private personal computers may not be connected, attached, or inserted into any government device without prior written approval obtained through the STR.

(f) Pagers. Two-way pagers are prohibited. One-way pagers, and pagers with the capability for the user to select and transmit one of several manufacturers' pre-programmed responses (for example, "Message received"), are allowed.

(g) Transmitting, recording and photographic equipment. Transmitting, recording, or photographic equipment is prohibited without prior written approval obtained through the STR. Such equipment includes, but is not limited to:

- Cameras
- Portable tape players
- Portable two-way radios
- Recording Devices
- Video recorders

(h) Wireless devices. The following devices are prohibited without prior written approval obtained through the STR:

- Cordless telephones
- Devices with infrared, Bluetooth, or radio frequency (RF) capability; Bluetooth may, however, be used outside in facility parking lots designated as PPAs and while driving on Bear Creek Road and access road leading to or from PPA parking areas
- Global Positioning System (GPS) units
- Wireless local area networks (WLAN) and wide area networks (WANs)
- Wireless mice and keyboards
- Wireless-enabled computers, including laptop and netbook computers, in Limited Areas, Exclusion Areas, Material Access Areas, and Protected Areas
- Wireless radios (such as Nextel)
- Wireless wide area networks
- Wireless audio-visual support equipment (such as wireless microphones, remote controls, headsets, and electronic white boards)
- Wireless scanners and bar code readers
- Wireless survey or testing equipment
- Wireless tags
- Wireless special purpose sensors and other wireless instruments
- Wireless data acquisition equipment and data loggers
- Wireless Wi-Fi or broadband cards in Limited Areas, Exclusion Areas, Material Access Areas, and Protected Areas

(i) Subcontracts. The Seller must include this clause in lower-tier subcontracts requiring on-site work.

13. DOE SECURITY BADGES AND CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

(a) Security badges issued by Company to Seller employees and Seller's lower-tier subcontractor employees are Government property. Seller must ensure that badges issued to its employees and employees of its subcontractors at all tiers are returned to Company. Employees must return badges upon expiration of this Agreement, termination of employment, or when access to the Y-12 National Security Complex is no longer needed. Employees holding an L or Q clearance must attend a security termination debriefing conducted by Company when returning badges. When possible, Seller must notify the STR three business days before an employee holding an L or Q clearance will be returning a badge so that debriefings may be scheduled. However, in all cases, the Personnel Security Clearance Office should be notified by Seller within one working day of a termination of employment or need for access to the Complex if the employee holds an L or Q clearance in order to provide notification to DOE/NNSA within two business days. DOE/NNSA directives require the termination of an employee

security clearance within two business days of termination of employment or need for access to the Complex.

(b) Seller must immediately notify the Subcontract Administrator in writing when a badge of its employee or the employee of a lower-tier subcontractor is lost or stolen. These employees must report in person to the Y-12 Visitor Center Badging Office (or contact PSS after hours/weekends) to complete an affidavit concerning the loss or theft and to obtain replacement badges.

(c) Seller must immediately notify the Subcontract Administrator in writing whenever any employee of Seller or a lower-tier subcontractor who has been badged or holds a security clearance under this Agreement terminates employment or no longer needs access to the Complex.

(d) Seller must ensure that its employees and its lower-tier subcontractors' employees complete the *B&W Y-12 Subcontractor Personnel Exit Checklist*, Form UCN- 4452S, before exiting the site. The employee must take the completed Checklist and badge to the Y-12 Visitor Center badging office. If the Y-12 Visitor Center is closed (hours of operation are Monday-Thursday 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.) the employee may leave the Checklist and badge with the STR. (In such cases alternate debriefing arrangements will be made for employees holding an L or Q clearance.) The Checklist, signed by the STR or an authorized representative of Personnel Security, is acceptable proof to Company that a badge has been returned.

(e) Seller's payment may be withheld until all requirements of this clause have been met. Failure by employees of Seller and its lower-tier subcontractors to return badges will result in a charge of \$500 per badge, to be withheld from payment or billed to Seller. This \$500 charge will not be assessed against badges that are lost or stolen during performance if replacement badges are issued to allow Seller or lower-tier subcontractor employees to return to work.

(f) On the last Thursday of each month, Seller shall go to Company web site <http://www.y12.doe.gov/business/badging> to initially register and/or update the Subcontract Badge/Clearance Status Report for that month. Seller shall ensure that all security badges issued to its employees and employees of its subcontractors at all tiers are recorded monthly through this web site.

14. WORKPLACE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM (WSAP)

(a) Applies to -- This clause applies to subcontracts \$25,000 or greater and which involve: (1) access to or handling of classified information or special nuclear materials; (2) high risk of danger to life, the environment, public health and safety, or national security; (3) transportation of hazardous materials to or from a DOE site, (4) employees who are required to have L or Q clearances to perform work under this Agreement, or (5) on-site construction activities.

(b) WSAP Covered Work -- For purposes of this clause, "WSAP covered work" means both on-site work, and work that is not on-site but that is performed by subcontractor employees with Q or L clearances at facilities that have Limited Areas (security areas designated by DOE for the protection of classified matter). Facilities that are not DOE-

owned or -leased or Company-owned or -leased but that have Limited Areas within them are known as "possessing facilities."

(c) Sub-tier contractors to Seller -- Seller shall include this requirement in its contracts with applicable lower tier subcontractors, and will require those subcontractors to include this requirement in their subcontracts, if the applicability standards listed in the "Applies to" section above are met. References to "Seller" include all lower tier subcontractors falling within the "Applies to" criteria listed in subparagraph (a) above.

(d) Company approval of Seller Program

(1) All work falling within the "Applies to" criteria above is subject to 10 CFR 707, "Workplace Substance Abuse Programs at DOE Sites." This clause highlights certain provisions of 10 CFR Part 707, but Seller is directed to the entire provision to ensure compliance. The Seller shall develop and implement a workplace substance abuse program that complies with the requirements of 10 CFR Part 707. In accordance with 10 CFR 707.5(d), Seller's WSAP requires Company approval. Seller's proposed WSAP must be submitted to the Subcontract Administrator and approved before the start of work.

(2) Seller shall also submit applicable lower-tier subcontractor WSAPs for Company approval. Seller may either include employees of some or all subcontractors in its WSAP, or include this clause in subcontracts for WSAP covered work and require subcontractors to submit WSAPs for Company approval.

(e) General Workplace Substance Abuse Program Requirements.

(1) Seller's WSAP shall be consistent with the baseline elements in 10 CFR Part 707 and the guidelines of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services found at:

http://workplace.samhsa.gov/DrugTesting/Level_1_Pages/mandatory_guidelines5_1_10.html.

(2) For all WSAP covered work, Seller's WSAP must provide for pre-employment testing for illegal drugs before final selection of applicants for employment, regardless of whether such applicants will fill testing designated positions (TDPs) as described in subparagraph (f) below. Pre-employment testing must comply with all applicable provisions of 10 CFR 707.

(3) Seller must notify the Subcontract Administrator in writing as soon as possible, or at the latest by the next business day, after Seller receives notice -

- of an employee's conviction under a criminal drug statute, or
- for employees in TDPs (defined below), of a drug related arrest or conviction or a receipt of a positive drug test result.

(4) Seller shall maintain files of chain-of-custody records required by 10 CFR 707.12(a) and 10 CFR 707.16(d) and submit copies to Company upon request. Seller and lower-tier subcontractors shall require that laboratory records relating to positive drug test results be maintained in the manner and for the periods required by 10 CFR 707.16(c).

(5) Seller shall use only drug-testing laboratories certified by the Department of Health and Human Services under

Subpart C of the HHS “Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs.” [See 10 CFR 707.12(a)]. The HHS Mandatory Guidelines are available at <http://dwp.samhsa.gov/>. Seller shall provide a copy of the certification to the Subcontract Administrator upon request. Seller shall retain pre-employment testing records in accordance with 10 CFR 707.16. When an applicant has been tested and determined to have used an illegal drug, Seller must terminate processing for employment and so notify the applicant.

(6) As required by 10 CFR 707.5(d), Company will monitor Seller’s implementation of its program for effectiveness and compliance with 10 CFR Part 707. Seller shall submit a written report, if appropriate, to the Subcontract Administrator of drug tests completed before mobilization or commencing authorized work. At Company’s request, Seller shall submit additional reports of tests completed during performance.

(7) Company may require Seller to remove from WSAP covered work any Seller employee who is determined to have used an illegal drug. Seller shall in all cases remove from WSAP covered work at Y-12 any employee who is twice determined to have used illegal drugs.

(f) Testing Designated Positions

(1) In addition to the general WSAP provisions, Seller shall determine if it has employees in TDPs as defined below and performing WSAP covered work. If Seller has no TDPs (potentially the case for uncleared construction subcontractors employees not possessing a Facility Clearance) the WSAP shall so state. If Seller has employees in TDPs performing WSAP covered work, then prior to beginning work under this Agreement, Seller shall provide the Subcontract Administrator with a list of all TDP employees, and Seller’s WSAP must comply with the provisions of 10 CFR Part 707 regarding TDPs. Thereafter, Seller shall notify the STR of any additions or deletions of employees in TDPs within 48 hours.

(2) TDPs are defined as those positions involving certain high risk work listed in Part 707, access to classified information, construction, and crane operators, and any positions filled by employees holding an L- or Q-clearance.

(3) Seller’s employees in TDPs who perform on-site will be subjected to the following drug testing by Company:

- (i) Random drug testing at the rates specified in 10 CFR 707.7,
- (ii) Drug testing as a result of an occurrence (see 10 CFR 707.9), and
- (iii) Drug testing for reasonable suspicion of illegal drug use (see 10 CFR 707.10).

(4) Seller’s employees performing on-site work shall be placed in Company’s pool of employees for random drug testing, and these employees will be subject to testing by Company’s Occupational Health Services (OHS). Seller’s employee will be notified by Company’s representative when Seller’s employee is selected for random drug testing. Company’s representative will notify Company’s OHS when Seller’s employee has been notified of his/her duty to report to Company’s OHS. Upon notification by Company’s representative, Seller’s employee will have one and one-half hours to report to Company’s OHS.

(g) Seller’s failure to comply with the requirements of 10 CFR Part 707 or to perform in a manner consistent with its approved WSAP may render Seller subject to suspension of payments, termination for default, suspension and debarment, and any other remedies available to Company and/or to DOE.

(h) If Seller believes that an anticipated lower tier subcontract for on-site work may require a WSAP that complies with 10 CFR 707, then Seller must notify the Subcontract Administrator not later than ten calendar days before Seller awards that subcontract.

15. ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY, AND HEALTH

(a) Applicability -- This clause applies to all on-site work for both Seller and its lower-tier subcontractors at any level. Employees include Seller employees and all lower-tier subcontractor employees. Company is in the process of attaining DOE-VPP Star status. The DOE-VPP Star status program promotes safety and health excellence, with the core of VPP being a cooperative effort among all employees. The program is equivalent to the OSHA program that recognizes employers and workers who have implemented effective safety and health management systems. The ongoing safety initiatives at Y-12 ensure that Y-12 is one of the safest sites within the NNSA/DOE Complex. Non-compliance with safety requirements is grounds for removal from or denial of access to Y-12.

(b) Seller shall immediately notify the STR of all occupational injuries or illnesses. Seller shall submit written reports to the STR for occupational injuries or illnesses that are recordable under 29 CFR 1904, Subpart C, within two working days after Seller learns of the injury or illness. Reports shall be made on DOE Form 5484.3, *Individual Accident/Incident Report*. Before the third working day of each month, Seller shall submit a report for the previous month to the STR on the Subcontractor Safety Performance Report form, UCN-21439.

(c)(1) Seller shall perform work under Company’s approved 10 CFR 851 Worker Safety and Health Program, which can be found at:

[Y73-004PD, B&W Y-12 10-CFR Part 851 Worker Safety & Health Program](#)

Seller shall comply with the applicable provisions of 10 CFR 851, *Worker Safety and Health Program*. Seller is subject to civil penalties for failure to comply with applicable 10 CFR 851, *Worker Safety and Health Program* requirements, or with Company’s approved Program.

(2) Seller shall comply with OSHA medical surveillance requirements (29 CFR 1910) based on Seller’s scope of work and the OSHA requirements for the treatment of illnesses and injuries. The 10 CFR *Worker Safety and Health Program* requirements include requirements for occupational medicine. Seller shall provide a program under the direction of a licensed physician meeting the credentials requirements of 10 CFR 851, Appendix A.8(b), and personnel providing health services meeting the credentials requirements of Appendix A.8(c). A written description of Seller’s occupational medicine program including proof of staff credentials is a

required submittal under this Agreement. Seller's occupational medicine program contents will be determined by its Occupational Medicine Director and based on Seller's scope of work and associated hazards. Company has submitted an application for a permanent variance to exempt subcontractors from certain requirements for occupational medicine programs. Should the Company's variance for occupational medicine requirements for subcontractors be denied, Company will be required to comply with all applicable requirements of 10 CFR 851, including Appendix A.8

(d) Seller shall perform all work in accordance with DEAR 970.5223-1, *Integration of Environment, Safety, and Health into Work Planning and Execution* (DEC 2000). Depending upon the complexity and hazards associated with the work, Seller may be required to submit, as provided for in special articles *Environment, Safety, and Health, Alternative I* (UCN-22481), *Alternative II* (UCN-22476), or *Alternative III* (UCN-22479), a Safety Management System that complies with DEAR 970.5223-1. Seller shall take all reasonable precautions in the performance of the work under this Agreement to protect the safety and health of all personnel and members of the public, and minimize danger from all hazards to the environment, life and property. Additionally, Seller shall comply with all environment, safety, and health regulations and requirements of the Company and DOE including, without limitation, such other provisions as may be contained in this Agreement relating to environment, safety and health. In the performance of any and all aspects of work subject to this clause, Seller shall:

(1) Establish line management that is responsible for the protection of personnel, the public, and the environment. (Line management includes those Seller and subcontractor employees managing or supervising employees performing work);

(2) Establish and maintain clear and unambiguous lines of authority and responsibility for ES&H matters at all organizational levels;

(3) Ensure personnel possess the experience, knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary to discharge their responsibilities;

(4) Ensure resources are effectively allocated to address ES&H, programmatic, and operational considerations;

(5) Determine, before any on-site work is performed, the associated hazards are evaluated and ES&H standards and requirements are established which, if properly implemented, provide adequate assurance that employees, the public, and the environment are protected from adverse consequences;

(6) Ensure necessary administrative and engineering controls to prevent and mitigate hazards are tailored to the work being performed and associated hazards;

(7) Comply with ES&H requirements of all applicable laws and regulations, and applicable Company or DOE directives identified in this Agreement; and

(8) Cooperate with federal, state, and local agencies having jurisdiction over ES&H matters under this Agreement.

(e) In addition to any rights and remedies otherwise available to Company, if Seller fails to comply with the requirements of this clause, the Company may:

(1) Notify Seller in writing of any noncompliance with the provisions of this clause and the corrective action to be taken. After receipt of such notice, Seller shall immediately take appropriate corrective actions;

(2) Require, in writing, that Seller remove from the work any employee the Company deems unsafe, incompetent, careless, or otherwise objectionable.

(f) Stop Work Authority

(1) All persons on site, including Seller's personnel, have the right and responsibility to stop work or decline to perform an assigned task whenever they discover:

(i) Conditions that pose (because of a reasonable belief) an imminent risk of death, serious physical harm or other serious hazard to workers or the public;

(ii) Conditions that, if allowed to continue, could adversely affect the safe operation of, or could cause serious damage to the facility; or

(iii) Conditions that, if allowed to continue, could result in release, from the facility to the environment, of radiological or chemical effluents that exceed regulatory limits.

(2) Seller shall promptly evaluate and resolve any noncompliance with ES&H requirements or conditions listed in (f)(1) above that it discovers or of which it is notified by the Company. If Seller fails to resolve the noncompliance or condition, or if at any time Seller's acts or failures to act cause substantial harm or an imminent danger to the environment or health and safety of employees or the public, Company may, without prejudice to any other legal or contractual rights of Company, issue an order stopping all or any part of the work; thereafter, a start order for resumption of the work may be issued at the discretion of Company.

(3) Seller shall not be entitled to, and shall make no claim, for an extension of time or for compensation or damages by reason of, or on connection with, such work stoppage. If work is stopped or suspended because of a condition stated in this clause, then whether or not a written order is issued and whether or not this clause is cited at the time of the work stoppage or suspension, this clause applies notwithstanding any other clause in this Agreement that might apply.

(g) The Subcontract Administrator may require Seller's participation, at Seller's expense, in Company fact-finding investigations of accidents, injuries, occurrences, and near-misses.

(h) Seller shall be responsible for all liability and related expenses resulting from Seller's violation of any laws or regulations, and such responsibility includes the obligation to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Company, its members, directors, officers and employees for Seller's conduct. Seller's obligation to indemnify, hold harmless and defend includes fines and penalties, attorneys' fees and other reasonable costs of defending any action or proceeding.

(i) Flowdown -- Seller shall include this clause in all lower-tier subcontracts involving performance of on-site work. However, such provision in lower-tier subcontracts shall not relieve Seller of its obligation to assure compliance with this clause for all aspects of the work.

16. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

(a) Seller shall act in performance of this Agreement as an independent contractor and not as an agent for Company or the Government in performing this Agreement, maintaining complete control over its employees and all lower-tier subcontractors. Nothing contained in this Agreement or any lower-tier subcontract shall create any contractual relationship between any such lower-tier subcontractor and the Government or Company. Seller is solely responsible for the actions of itself and its lower-tier subcontractors, agents or employees.

17. HOLD HARMLESS

SELLER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL LIABILITY AND RELATED EXPENSES RESULTING FROM INJURY, DEATH, DAMAGE TO, OR LOSS OF PROPERTY WHICH IS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE NEGLIGENT PERFORMANCE OF WORK UNDER THIS AGREEMENT. SELLER SHALL ALSO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL MATERIALS AND WORK UNTIL ACCEPTANCE BY COMPANY. SELLER'S RESPONSIBILITY SHALL APPLY TO ACTIVITIES OF SELLER, ITS AGENTS, LOWER-TIER SUBCONTRACTORS, OR EMPLOYEES AND SUCH RESPONSIBILITY INCLUDES THE OBLIGATION TO INDEMNIFY, DEFEND, AND HOLD HARMLESS THE GOVERNMENT AND THE COMPANY. HOWEVER, SUCH LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY DOES NOT APPLY TO INJURY, DEATH, OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT IT ARISES FROM THE CONDUCT OF COMPANY.

18. MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“New” means composed of previously unused components, whether manufactured from virgin material, recovered material in the form of raw material, or materials and by-products generated from, and reused within, an original manufacturing process; provided that the supplies meet Agreement requirements, including but not limited to, performance, reliability, and life expectancy.

“Reconditioned” means restored to the original normal operating condition by readjustments and material replacement.

“Recovered material” means waste materials and by-products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.

“Remanufactured” means factory rebuilt to original specifications.

“Virgin material” means—

(1) Previously unused raw material, including previously unused copper, aluminum, lead, zinc, iron, other metal or metal ore; or

(2) Any undeveloped resource that is, or with new technology will become, a source of raw materials.

(b) Unless this Agreement otherwise requires virgin material or supplies composed of or manufactured from virgin

material, the Seller may provide new, used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies or unused former Government surplus property, with the approvals required by this clause.

(c) Used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies, or unused former Government surplus property, may be provided if the Seller has proposed the use of such supplies, and the Company has approved the proposal.

(d) A proposal to provide used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies shall include a detailed description of such supplies.

(e) A proposal to provide unused former Government surplus property shall include a complete description of the material, the quantity, the name of the Government agency from which acquired, and the date of acquisition.

19. DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENTS

This is a rated order certified for national defense, and Seller shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700). Unless otherwise stated the Defense Priority is DO-E2.

20. EXPORT CONTROL

(a) The Seller must comply with all U.S. export control laws and regulations, including the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR), 22 CFR Parts 120 through 130, and the Export Administration Regulations (EAR), 15 CFR Parts 730 through 799, in the performance of this Agreement. In the absence of available license exemptions or exceptions, the Seller must obtain required licenses or other approvals for exports of hardware, technical data, and software, or for the provision of technical assistance.

(b) The Seller must obtain export licenses, if required, before using foreign persons in performance of this Agreement, if the foreign person will have access to export-controlled technical data or software.

(c) The Seller is responsible for all regulatory record-keeping requirements associated with the use of licenses and license exemptions and exceptions.

(d) The Seller shall include this clause in subcontracts hereunder.

21. AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT

(a) The Government authorizes and consents to all use and manufacture, in performing this Agreement or any subcontract at any tier, of any invention described in and covered by a United States patent (1) embodied in the structure or composition of any article the delivery of which is accepted by Company under this Agreement or (2) used in machinery, tools, or methods whose use necessarily results from compliance by Seller or a subcontractor with (i) specifications or written provisions forming a part of this Agreement or (ii) specific written instructions given by Company directing the manner of performance. The entire liability to the Government for infringement of a patent of the United States shall be determined solely by the provisions of the indemnity clause, if any, included in this Agreement or any subcontract hereunder (including any lower-tier subcontract), and the Government assumes liability for all

other infringement to the extent of the authorization and consent hereinabove granted.

(b) Seller agrees to include, and require inclusion of, this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts at any tier for supplies or services (including construction, architect-engineer services, and materials, supplies, models, samples, and design or testing services expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold); however, omission of this clause from any subcontract, including those at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, does not affect this authorization and consent.

22. PATENT INDEMNITY

(a) The Seller shall indemnify the Company and the Government and their officers, agents, and employees against liability, including costs, for infringement of any United States patent (except a patent issued upon an application that is now or may hereafter be withheld from issue pursuant to a Secrecy Order under 35 U.S.C. 181) arising out of the manufacture or delivery of supplies, the performance of services, or the construction, alteration, modification, or repair of real property (hereinafter referred to as "construction work") under this Agreement, or out of the use or disposal by or for the account of the Company or the Government of such supplies or construction work.

(b) This indemnity shall not apply unless the Seller shall have been informed as soon as practicable by the Company or Government of the suit or action alleging such infringement and shall have been given such opportunity as is afforded by applicable laws, rules, or regulations to participate in its defense. Further, this indemnity shall not apply to—

(1) An infringement resulting from compliance with specific written instructions of the Company directing a change in the supplies to be delivered or in the materials or equipment to be used, or directing a manner of performance of the Agreement not normally used by the Seller;

(2) An infringement resulting from addition to or change in supplies or components furnished or construction work performed that was made subsequent to delivery or performance; or

(3) A claimed infringement that is unreasonably settled without the consent of the Seller, unless required by final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction.

23. INSURANCE

This clause applies to on-site work only.

(a) Seller shall provide and maintain during the entire performance period of this subcontract the following kinds and at least the minimum amounts of insurance:

(1) Workers' Compensation – As required by applicable federal and state workers' compensation and occupational disease statutes;

(2) Employer's Liability - \$1 million each accident, \$1 million each employee, \$1 million policy limit for disease;

(3) Commercial General Liability (Occurrence basis) – Bodily injury liability of at least \$1 million per occurrence; and

(4) Automobile liability (Covering any automobile) –

Minimum of \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per occurrence for bodily injury and \$500,000 per occurrence for property damage.

(b) Aircraft Insurance. When aircraft are used in performing the subcontract, Seller must also maintain aircraft public and passenger liability insurance. Coverage shall be at least \$200,000 per person and \$500,000 per occurrence for bodily injury, other than passenger liability, and \$200,000 per occurrence for property damage. Coverage for passenger liability bodily injury shall be at least \$200,000 multiplied by the number of seats or passengers, whichever is greater.

(c) No later than ten calendar days after award and before beginning work under this subcontract on site, Seller must submit to the Subcontract Administrator a certificate of liability insurance (Acord form 25 or equivalent) certifying that the required insurance has been obtained. All insurers on the certificate must have an A.M. Best Company financial strength rating of "B" or higher. The certificate must:

(1) include the number of this subcontract,

(2) identify B&W Y-12, LLC as the certificate holder,

(3) state that B&W Y-12, LLC and the U.S. Department of Energy have been added as Additional Insureds on all liability policies other than workers' compensation, and

(4) certify that required policies obligate the insurer to provide the certificate holder 30 days written notice if any required policy is canceled before its expiration date.

(d) A replacement certificate must be submitted if a required policy expires before completion of the work.

(e) Seller waives subrogation under all liability policies against B&W Y-12, LLC and the U.S. Department of Energy.

(f) Seller must provide written notice to the Subcontract Administrator 30 days before modification or cancellation of any required coverage.

(g) None of the requirements for insurance in this clause limits or qualifies liabilities or obligations assumed by Seller under this subcontract.

(h) Flowdown - Seller shall include this clause, modified to identify the parties, in lower-tier subcontracts that require work on site. At least five days before entry of each such subcontractor's personnel into an on-site area, Seller shall furnish (or ensure that there has been furnished) to the Subcontract Administrator a certificate of liability insurance, meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) above, for each such subcontractor.

24. PAYMENT

(a) The Company shall pay the Seller, upon the submission of proper invoices or vouchers (if required), the prices stipulated in this Agreement for supplies delivered and accepted or services rendered and accepted, less any deductions provided in this Agreement. Unless otherwise specified in this Agreement, payment shall be made on partial deliveries accepted by the Company if the amount due on the deliveries warrants it.

(b) Unless otherwise provided, terms of payment shall be net 30 calendar days from the latter of (1) submission of Seller's proper invoice, if required (unless such invoice is not approved), or (2) delivery of supplies/completion of work if invoice is not required. Any offered discount shall be taken if

payment is made within the discount period that Seller indicates. Payments may be made either by check or electronic funds transfer, at the option of Company. Payment shall be deemed to have been made as of the date of mailing or the date on which an electronic funds transfer was made.

(c) If an invoice is required under the terms of this subcontract, a final invoice shall be submitted for payment no more than 90 calendar days following the expiration or termination of the subcontract, unless a later or alternate date is agreed to in writing by the Subcontract Administrator. Said invoices shall be clearly marked "Final Invoice", thus indicating that all payment obligations of the Company under this subcontract have ceased and that no further payments are due or outstanding. If Seller fails to submit a final invoice within the time allowed, the Subcontract Administrator shall determine the final amount owed to the Seller, if any, or the final amount owed by the Seller to the Company. Such determination shall be final and conclusive between the parties without the right of judicial review unless the Seller submits a claim requesting a Procurement Manager Final Decision under the Resolution of Disputes clause within 60 calendar days after receipt of the Subcontract Administrator's determination.

25. TAXES – FIXED PRICE, FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL TAXES.

(a) Definitions. As used throughout this clause, the following terms shall have the meaning set forth below:

(1) The term "direct tax" means any tax or duty directly applicable to the completed supplies or services covered by this subcontract, or any other tax or duty from which the Seller or this transaction is exempt. It includes any tax or duty directly applicable to the importation, production, processing, manufacture, construction, sale, or use of such supplies or services; it also includes any tax levied on, with respect to, or measured by sales, receipt from sales, or use of the supplies or services covered by this subcontract. The term does not include transportation taxes, unemployment compensation taxes, social security taxes, income taxes, excess-profits taxes, capital stock taxes, property taxes, and such other taxes as are not within the definition of the term "direct tax" as set forth above in this paragraph.

(2) The term "subcontract date" means the effective date of this subcontract if it is a negotiated subcontract, or the date set for the opening of bids if it is a subcontract entered into as a result of formal advertising.

(b) Federal Taxes. Except as may be otherwise provided in this subcontract, the subcontract price includes all applicable Federal taxes in effect on the subcontract date.

(c) State or Local Taxes. Except as may be otherwise provided in this subcontract, the subcontract price does not include any State or local direct tax in effect on the subcontract date. For subcontractors providing and installing tangible personal property, which becomes part of real property, the subcontract price should include all state and local direct taxes on such installed tangible personal property.

(d) Evidence of Exemption. The Company agrees, upon request of the Seller, to furnish a tax exemption certificate or other similar evidence of exemption with respect to any direct tax not included in the subcontract price pursuant to this clause;

and the Seller agrees, in the event of the refusal of the applicable taxing authority to accept such evidence of exemption, (1) promptly to notify the Company of such refusal, (2) to cause the tax in question to be paid in such manner as to preserve all rights to refund thereof, and (3) if so directed by the Company to take all necessary action, in cooperation with and for the benefit of Government, to secure a refund of such tax (in which event the Company agrees to reimburse the Seller for any and all reasonable expenses incurred at its direction)

(e) Price Adjustment. If, after the subcontract date, the Federal Government or any State or local Government either (1) imposes or increases (or removes an exemption with respect to) any direct tax, or any tax directly applicable to the materials or components used in the manufacture of furnishing of the completed supplies or services covered by this subcontract, or (2) refuses to accept the evidence of exemption, furnished under paragraph (d) hereof, with respect to any direct tax excluded from the subcontract price, and if under either (1) or (2) the Seller is obliged to and does pay or bear the burden of any such tax (and does not secure a refund thereof), the subcontract price shall be correspondingly increased. If, after the subcontract date, the Seller is relieved in whole or in part from the payment or the burden of any direct tax included in the subcontract price, or any tax directly applicable to the materials or components used in the manufacture or furnishing of the completed supplies or services covered by this subcontract, the Seller agrees promptly to notify the Company of such relief, and the subcontract price shall be correspondingly decreased or the amount of such relief paid over to the Company for the benefit of the Government. Invoices or vouchers covering any increase or decrease in the subcontract price pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall state the amount thereof, as a separate added or deducted item, and shall identify the particular tax imposed, increased, eliminated, or decreased.

(f) Refund or Drawback. If any tax or duty has been included in the subcontract price or the price as adjusted under paragraph (e) of this clause, and if the Seller is entitled to a refund or drawback by reason of the export or re-export of supplies covered by this subcontract, or of materials or components used in the manufacture or furnishing of the completed supplies or services covered by this subcontract, the Seller agrees that he will promptly notify the Company thereof and that the amount of any such refund or drawback obtained will be paid over to the Company for the benefit of the Government or credited against amounts due from the Company under this subcontract: Provided, however, That the Seller shall not be required to apply for such refund or drawback unless so requested by the Company.

26. INTEREST

(This clause does not apply if Seller is a nonprofit organization or a state or local government or instrumentality.)

All amounts that become payable to Company by Seller under this Agreement shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid, unless paid within 30 calendar days of the date due. The interest rate shall be the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act

of 1978 (Public Law 95-563) as of the date due, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid. This clause shall not apply to amounts due under a price reduction for defective cost or pricing data clause or a cost accounting standards clause.

27. ASSIGNMENT

Except as provided in the Assignment of Claims clause, Seller shall not assign rights or obligations to third parties without the prior written consent of the Subcontract Administrator.

28. ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS

(a) The Seller may assign its rights to be paid amounts due or to become due as a result of the performance of this Agreement to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency. The assignee under such an assignment may thereafter further assign or reassign its right under the original assignment to any type of financing institution described in the preceding sentence. Unless otherwise stated in this Agreement, payments to an assignee of any amounts due or to become due under this Agreement shall not be subject to reduction or setoff.

(b) Any assignment or reassignment authorized under this clause shall cover all unpaid amounts payable under this Agreement, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that an assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in the financing of this Agreement.

(c) The Seller shall not furnish or disclose to any assignee under this Agreement any classified document (including this Agreement) or information related to work under this Agreement until the Subcontract Administrator authorizes such action in writing.

29. RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES

(a) Seller and Company agrees to make good-faith efforts to settle any dispute or claim that arises under this Agreement through discussion and negotiation. If such efforts fail to result in a mutually agreeable resolution, the parties shall consider the use of alternative dispute resolution (ADR). In the event mediation or binding arbitration is agreed upon, the site of the proceedings shall be Oak Ridge, Tennessee; the parties shall share the cost of obtaining the mediator or arbiter, and each party shall bear its discretionary costs.

(b) "Claim," as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of Agreement terms, or other relief arising from or relating to this Agreement, or its breach. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment (e.g., a request for an equitable adjustment) that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim, but may be converted to a claim by the Seller as provided in paragraph (c) below.

(c) A claim by Seller shall be made in writing, cite this clause, and be submitted to the Company's Procurement Manager with a request for a Final Decision.

(d) Seller and any lower-tier subcontractors whose portion of the claim exceeds \$50,000 shall certify its portion of the

claim; provided however, if Seller cannot certify the lower-tier subcontractor's portion of Seller's claim, Seller shall explain in writing why it cannot certify that portion.

- (i) Company shall not be liable for, and shall not pay, any claim originated by Seller if that claim exceeds \$50,000 unless Seller's claim is accompanied by the below certification from Seller.
- (ii) Company shall not be liable for, and shall not pay, any claim of a lower-tier subcontractor to Seller if that claim, without mark-ups by a higher-tier subcontractor or Seller, exceeds \$50,000 unless that claim is accompanied by the below certification from the lower-tier subcontractor that originated the claim.
- (iii) The aggregate amount of both increased and decreased costs shall be used in determining when the dollar threshold requiring certification is met.
- (iv) If Seller certified its costs under the Adjustments clause, Seller is not required to certify under this Article as a claim, unless Seller certified more than 180 calendar days before Seller submits its claim or the claim amount exceeds the prior certified amount by more than \$50,000.

CERTIFICATION

I certify that this claim request is made in good faith, that the supporting data are accurate and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Seller and I believe the Company is liable, and that I am duly authorized to certify the request on behalf of [the Seller or lower-tier subcontractor, as appropriate].

(e) (1) A claim from Seller shall be deemed denied if the Procurement Manager does not issue a written Final Decision (i) by the date the Procurement Manager notified Seller that the decision would be issued, or (ii) within 60 calendar days after receipt of the claim if the Procurement Manager did not notify Seller of a date by which the Final Decision would be issued. The Procurement Manager may, but is not required to issue a written Final Decision after a claim is deemed denied.

(2) The Procurement Manager's written Final Decision on any Seller claim shall be final and conclusive between the parties with no right of judicial review, provided however, that the Final Decision shall not be final and binding against either party, and shall be given no evidentiary weight by the trier of fact, if Seller files suit within 90 calendar days of the written Final Decision in the appropriate court as provided for in paragraph (f) below.

(3) Seller shall have no right to file suit prior to the date of the written Final Decision or 60 calendar days from the Procurement Manager's receipt of the claim, whichever occurs earlier.

(f) (1) Where Seller is a State agency, such as an Educational Institution, the applicable constitutional provisions or statutes that govern sovereign immunity shall dictate the appropriate forum and law governing substantive issues.

(2) In all other cases, subject to (f) (3) below, any

litigation shall be brought and prosecuted exclusively in Federal District Court, with venue in the United States Court for the Eastern District of Tennessee, Northern Division.

(3) However, in the event the requirements for jurisdiction in Federal District Court are not present, such litigation shall be brought in either Anderson, Knox, or Roane County, Tennessee, in the Circuit or Chancery Court, as appropriate.

(4) The parties agree to trial by judge alone and hereby waive any right to demand a trial by jury.

(5) If a court awards prejudgment interest on a claim, the interest rate shall be the applicable rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-563).

(g) The parties agree that, subject to (f)(1), the resolution of all issues arising from or relating to this Agreement shall be governed to the maximum extent practicable by the common law of federal contracts; provided, however, that (i) the "Christian Doctrine" shall not apply, meaning that federal procurement clauses (e.g., the FAR, including agency supplements) or portions thereof not appearing in this Agreement shall not be read into this Agreement, and (ii) where the language of any clause, provision or term herein differs from the language of a federal procurement clause, provision or term, the differing language of this Agreement shall control. Where the common law of federal contracts does not apply, then subject to (f)(1), resolution shall be governed by the laws of the State of Tennessee.

(h) There shall be no interruption in the performance of the work, and Seller shall proceed diligently with the performance of this Agreement pending final resolution of any dispute arising under or related to this Agreement between the parties or between Seller and its subtier subcontractors.

30. BANKRUPTCY

If Seller enters into any proceeding relating to bankruptcy, it shall give written notice by certified mail to the Subcontract Administrator within five calendar days of initiation of the proceedings. The notification shall include the date on which the proceeding was filed, the identity and location of the court and a listing, by Company Agreement numbers, of all Company Agreements for which final payment has not been made.

31. STOP-WORK ORDER

(a) Unless the provisions for stop work under the "Environmental, Safety and Health" clause apply, the Subcontract Administrator, may under this clause, at any time, by written order, require Seller to stop all or any portion of the work called for by this Agreement for 90 calendar days, and for any other further period to which the parties may agree. Seller shall immediately comply with the order and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the work stoppage.

(b) Before expiration of the stop-work order, Company may --

- (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or

- (2) Terminate the work covered by the order for default or convenience.

(c) If the order is canceled or expires, the Seller shall resume work. The Company shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or price, or both, and the Agreement shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if the stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or cost properly allocable to, performance of this Agreement. As a condition precedent to an equitable adjustment, Seller shall submit its request for equitable adjustment in writing to the Subcontract Administrator within 30 calendar days after the work stoppage ends.

(d) If the work covered by the order is terminated for convenience, Company shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the order in arriving at the termination settlement.

(e) If the work covered by the order is terminated for default, Company shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the order.

32. SUSPENSION OF WORK.

(a) The Subcontract Administrator may order the Seller, in writing, to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work of this Agreement for the period of time that the Subcontract Administrator determines appropriate.

(b) If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, or interrupted (1) by an act of the Company in the administration of this Agreement, or (2) by the Company's failure to act within the time specified in this Agreement (or within a reasonable time if not specified), an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this Agreement (excluding profit) necessarily caused by the unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption, and the Agreement modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Seller, or for which an equitable adjustment is provided or excluded under any other term or condition of this Agreement.

(c) A request for adjustment under this clause shall not be allowed—

- (1) For any costs incurred more than 14 calendar days before the Seller shall have notified the Subcontract Administrator in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order); and

- (2) Unless the request for adjustment, in an amount stated, is submitted in writing as soon as practicable, but no later than 180 calendar days, after the termination of the suspension, delay, or interruption. Requests for adjustment not submitted within the 180-day period are waived.

33. CHANGES

(a) The Subcontract Administrator may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this Agreement in any one or more of the following:

(1) Drawings, designs, or specifications when the supplies to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the Company in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications.

(2) Method of shipment or packing.

(3) Place of delivery of supplies.

(4) Description of services to be performed.

(5) Time of performance of the services (*i.e.*, hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

(6) Place of performance of the services.

(b) If any such change causes a difference in the cost, or the time required for performance, the Company shall, subject to the submission requirement in paragraph (d), make an equitable adjustment in the price, delivery/performance schedule, or both, and modify the Agreement in writing. If Seller's proposal includes the cost of property made obsolete or excess by the change, the Company has the right to prescribe the manner of disposition of the property.

(c) Only the Subcontract Administrator is authorized on behalf of the Company to issue a change, which must be in writing and clearly designated as a change order. If Seller considers that any oral direction or instruction by any Company personnel (including the Subcontract Administrator) constitutes a change, or if Seller considers that any written direction or instruction by any Company personnel (other than a designated change order issued by the Subcontract Administrator) constitutes a change, Seller shall not rely upon such direction or instruction and shall not be eligible for an equitable adjustment arising there from, without prior written confirmation from the Subcontract Administrator directing Seller to perform as stated in the direction or instruction. If such written confirmation from the Subcontract Administrator to perform also confirms the direction or instruction to be a change, the confirmation shall be deemed a change order for purposes of paragraph (d). If, however, such written confirmation from the Subcontract Administrator to perform does not confirm the direction or instruction to be a change, any request by Seller for an equitable adjustment arising from such direction or instruction shall comply with paragraph (e).

(d) If the Subcontract Administrator issues a change order, any request for equitable adjustment by Seller must be submitted in writing to the Subcontract Administrator within 30 calendar days of receiving the Company's change order. If the request is not submitted within such time, the request shall be late and may be denied by the Subcontract Administrator whether or not the Company is prejudiced by the late request. If the Company, in its sole discretion, decides to act upon a particular late request submitted prior to final payment, such action shall not constitute or be deemed to be a waiver of this submission requirement with regards to any other late request, nor shall such action be considered in any way in interpreting this provision as a course of dealing or in any other manner.

(e)(1) If the Subcontract Administrator has not issued a written change order but the Seller considers a change to this Agreement has occurred because, for example: (i) the Company did not satisfy one of its expressed or implied duties under the Agreement, or (ii) the Subcontract Administrator did not provide written confirmation that a change occurred in response to Seller's request for confirmation as provided for in

paragraph (c), then as a condition precedent for entitlement to an equitable adjustment, Seller shall notify the Subcontract Administrator, in writing, that a change has occurred for which Seller intends to seek an equitable adjustment and identify: (i) date, nature and circumstances regarding the change, (ii) name of each person knowledgeable about the change, (iii) documents and substance of oral communications involving the change, and (iv) the particular elements of performance impacted by the change, including (a) adjustment in labor and/or materials, (b) delay or disruption caused, (c) estimated resulting price and schedule adjustments and (d) time by which Company must respond to minimize cost, delay, or disruption to performance of the work.

(2) In no event shall Seller recover any costs caused by the change incurred prior to 14 calendar days before Seller gives such written notice.

(3) Any request for equitable adjustment by Seller must be submitted in writing to the Subcontract Administrator no later than 30 calendar days after Seller gives the written notice specified in subparagraph (e)(1). If the request is not submitted within such time, the request shall be late and may be denied by the Subcontract Administrator whether or not the Company is prejudiced by the late request. If the Company, in its sole discretion, decides to act upon a particular late request submitted prior to final payment, such action shall not constitute or be deemed to be a waiver of this submission requirement with regards to any other late request, nor shall such action be considered in any way in interpreting this provision as a course of dealing or in any other manner.

(f) Nothing in this clause, including any disagreement with Company about an equitable adjustment, shall excuse Seller from proceeding with the Agreement as changed.

34. CHANGE ORDER ACCOUNTING

Change order accounting is required whenever the estimated cost of a change or series of related changes exceeds \$50,000. For each change or series of related changes, the Seller shall establish and maintain separate accounts, by job order or other suitable accounting procedure, of all incurred segregable, direct costs (less allocable credits) of work, both changed and not changed, allocable to the change. Seller shall maintain such accounts until the parties agree to an equitable adjustment for the changes ordered by the Subcontract Administrator or the matter is conclusively disposed of in accordance with the Resolution of Disputes clause. This clause applies whenever Seller believes the subcontract has been changed, either because of an ordered change or any other reason.

35. DELAYS

As a condition precedent for entitlement to any price adjustment or schedule extension:

(1) For each separate delay, Seller shall give written notice of the delay-causing event to the Subcontract Administrator. On the basis of the most accurate information available to the Seller, the notice shall state:

(i) date, cause, and circumstances regarding the delay,

(ii) name of each person knowledgeable about the delay,

(iii) identification of documents and substance of oral communications involving the delay, and

(iv) the particular elements of performance impacted by the delay, including

(a) adjustment in labor and/or materials,

(b) estimated resulting price and schedule adjustments, and

(c) time by which Company must respond to minimize cost, delay, or disruption to performance of the work. In no event shall Seller recover any delay costs incurred prior to 14 calendar days before Seller gives such written notice.

(2) Seller shall include with any delay claim a Critical Path Method (CPM) schedule that shows the delay is on the critical path affecting the subcontract's overall completion date.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, Seller shall not be entitled to profit for delay costs of any kind, including but not limited to, extended costs and loss of efficiency or productivity, regardless of the theory of recovery.

(c) Recovery of unabsorbed overhead or under-absorbed overhead shall be denied unless Seller satisfies all federal contract law requirements for using the "Eichleay Formula."

36. LOSS OF PRODUCTIVITY

This clause does not create a right to recover loss of productivity. However, where Seller can establish entitlement to loss of productivity under another clause, Seller's recovery is subject to the additional requirements contained herein.

(a) Time Limits -- (1) Seller shall initiate any request for adjustment (excluding profit) for loss of productivity within 14 days from the beginning of the loss of productivity. A request for adjustment shall be initiated by written notice to the Subcontract Administrator and shall explicitly state that the request is due to loss of productivity. Seller shall not recover for loss of productivity occurring more than 14 days prior to Seller's initiating its request.

(2) After initiating its request for adjustment, Seller shall attend the weekly productivity meeting addressed in paragraph (b). The purpose of the weekly meeting is to enable Company to verify experienced, and the parties to mitigate future, loss of productivity.

(b) Weekly Productivity Meeting -- (1) After Seller has initiated its request for adjustment for loss of productivity, the Company shall establish a weekly meeting to address loss of productivity. Seller, and a representative from each subcontractor to Seller that incurred a loss of productivity in the prior week, shall attend the weekly productivity meeting.

(2) At the weekly productivity meeting, Seller and each subcontractor to Seller shall address:

(i) any loss of productivity incurred during the prior week;

(ii) specifics regarding that loss of productivity; and

(iii) how to mitigate or avoid that loss in the current week and future weeks.

(3) Seller and each subcontractor to Seller attending the weekly meeting shall:

(i) identify the specific impacted tasks (by type and area) on which it suffered a loss of productivity in the prior week;

(ii) by each impacted task and area, estimate the percentage loss of productivity suffered the prior week and explain the basis of this estimate;

(iii) by each impacted task and area, identify the total labor hours expended the prior week, and of that total, identify the number of labor hours the subcontractor attributes to loss of productivity;

(iv) by each impacted task and area, identify the change(s) in working conditions that caused the loss of productivity for the prior week -- if more than one cause is identified, estimate the loss of productivity attributable to each cause. If a cause is due to changed work, identify the specific changes;

(v) list by name and position any employee for whom loss of productivity is claimed due to excessive overtime; and

(vi) suggest ways to mitigate or avoid the loss of productivity going forward.

(4) Attendance and presentation at the weekly meeting of all the information required in subparagraph (3) shall be a condition precedent to recovery of any amount for loss of productivity for the prior week.

(5) When Seller no longer experiences a loss of productivity for which it seeks an upward adjustment to the Subcontract price, Seller may submit a written request to the Subcontract Administrator to cancel the weekly productivity meetings and the Subcontract Administrator shall cancel the meetings.

(c) No Profit -- Seller and subcontractors to Seller shall not receive profit on requests for adjustment due to loss of productivity.

37. ADJUSTMENTS

(a) Clauses in this Agreement that provide for an adjustment or for an equitable adjustment are supplemented by paragraphs (b) through (j).

(b) Requests for adjustments or equitable adjustments, whether submitted in response to a request by Company for a proposal or submitted on Seller's initiative, must include an itemized breakdown of cost for Seller and each lower-tier subcontractor in at least the following detail: direct material quantities and costs; direct labor hours and rates for each trade; employment taxes; Workers' Compensation Insurance; equipment hours and rates; and bond premiums paid for Seller's bonds (Seller shall not be entitled to any adjustment for bond premiums paid by its lower-tier subcontractors).

(c) When submitting a request for adjustment or an equitable adjustment exceeding \$50,000, the originator of the request (whether Seller or a lower-tier subcontractor), shall, as a condition precedent to any recovery, submit sufficient data supporting the request and certify as follows:

CERTIFICATION

I certify that this request for adjustment is made in good faith, that the supporting data are accurate and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Seller and I believe the Company is liable, and that I am duly authorized to certify the request on behalf of [the Seller or lower-tier subcontractor, as appropriate].

The aggregate amount of both increased and decreased costs shall be used in determining when the dollar threshold requiring certification is met.

(d) The cost principles and procedures of Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this Agreement, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.

(e) Only those reasonable proposal preparation costs incurred in response to the Subcontract Administrator's written change order or written request for a proposal are recoverable, but only to the extent the costs are fully documented and exclude overhead or profit; provided however, that in no event shall Company pay for (and Seller shall not include in its proposal) any proposal preparation costs relating to delay, schedule analysis, cumulative impacts, loss of productivity, or any time-related costs.

(f) Seller shall not be entitled to any adjustment for bond premiums paid by its lower-tier subcontractor(s).

(g) The overhead, profit and commission percentages in the table below apply to Seller and lower-tier subcontractors.

for an adjustment as opposed to an equitable adjustment, or (ii) stating profit is not allowed.

3. The percentage for overhead includes all indirect costs including, but not limited to, field and office supervisors and assistants, incidental job burdens, small tools, and general overhead allocations.

4. Category Two applies where Seller or higher-tier subcontractor certifies the originating lower-tier subcontractor's request.

5. Category Three applies where Seller or higher-tier subcontractor does not certify the originating lower-tier subcontractor's request.

6. Neither Seller nor higher-tier subcontractors shall recover commission on the overhead, profit or commission of lower-tier subcontractors.

(h) Equitable adjustments for deleted work shall include credits, limited to the same restrictions for overhead, profit, and commission in paragraph (g) of this clause.

(i) On proposals covering both increases and decreases in price, the overhead, profit, and commission shall be applied to the net change in direct costs for Seller or the subcontractor performing the work.

(j) The Subcontract Administrator may make adjustments by unilateral modification to the subcontract (for example, for a no-cost change or where the parties fail to agree on an increase or decrease in price or time). The unilateral modification shall be final and conclusive between the parties without the right of judicial review unless Seller submits a claim requesting a Procurement Manager Final Decision under the Resolution of Disputes clause within 60 calendar days after receipt of the unilateral modification.

38. GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

(a) If Seller purchases property for which it is entitled to reimbursement as a direct item of cost, title for said property shall pass directly to the Government upon delivery to the Seller. Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to Seller, shall pass to the Government upon the earliest of issuance of property for use in performance, or processing property for use in performance, or reimbursement of cost of property

(b) As may be required by the Agreement, the Company shall deliver to Seller at the time and locations stated in this Agreement the Government property described in this Agreement. If the property is not suitable for its intended use or is not delivered to Seller as specified in this Agreement, Company shall equitably adjust affected provisions in accordance with the Changes clause when the facts warrant an equitable adjustment and Seller submits a timely written request for such adjustment. Said equitable adjustment shall be Seller's exclusive remedy.

(c) Title to all Government property, whether provided by the Company or acquired by the Seller, shall remain in the Government. Title shall not be affected by the incorporation or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall any Government property become a fixture or lose its identity because it is affixed to any realty.

	Overhead	Profit	Commission
CATEGORY ONE To Seller and subcontractors on work performed with their own forces	10 %	10 % (Only as specified in Note 2 below)	Not Applicable
CATEGORY TWO To Seller and subcontractors on work performed by other than their own forces	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	1st \$100,000 -- 10 % Next \$150,000 -- 8% Amount above \$250,000 -- 6% (with certification)
CATEGORY THREE To Seller and subcontractors on work performed by other than their own forces	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	3% (without certification)

NOTES:

1. The percentages for overhead and profit are subject to negotiation according to the nature, extent, and complexity of the work involved but in no event shall exceed the stated percentage.

2. No profit is allowed under CATEGORY ONE where recovery is sought under a clause (i) providing

(d) For all Government property in Seller's possession or for which Seller is responsible for, the Seller assumes the risk and responsibility for its loss or damage, except—

(1) For reasonable wear and tear;

(2) To the extent property is consumed in performing this Agreement; or

(3) As otherwise provided for by this Agreement.

(e) Seller shall establish and maintain a property control program for use, maintenance, repair, protection and preservation of Government property consistent with good business practices and as may be prescribed by Company. Except as may be authorized in writing by the Company, Government property shall be used only for the performance of this Agreement.

(f) Upon completion of this Agreement, Seller shall follow the instructions of the Subcontract Administrator regarding the disposition of all Government property not consumed in the performance of this Agreement (including any scrap) or previously delivered to the Company. Seller shall dismantle, prepare for shipment, and at the Subcontract Administrator's direction, store or deliver said property (at Company expense), or dispose of the property as directed by the Subcontract Administrator. The net proceeds of any such disposal shall be credited to the Agreement price or shall be paid as the Subcontract Administrator may direct.

(g) If this Agreement is to be performed outside the United States and its outlying areas, the words "Government" and "Government Property (wherever they appear in this clause)" shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government Property" respectively.

39. INSPECTION OF SUPPLIES

(a) Definition. "Supplies," as used in this clause, includes but is not limited to raw materials, components, intermediate assemblies, end products, and lots of supplies.

(b) The Seller shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Company covering supplies under this Agreement and shall tender to the Company for acceptance only supplies that have been inspected in accordance with the inspection system and have been found by the Seller to be in conformity with Agreement requirements. As part of the system, the Seller shall prepare records evidencing all inspections made under the system and the outcome. These records shall be kept complete and made available to the Company during performance and for as long afterwards as the Agreement requires. The Company may perform reviews and evaluations as reasonably necessary to ascertain compliance with this paragraph. These reviews and evaluations shall be conducted in a manner that will not unduly delay the Agreement work. The right of review, whether exercised or not, does not relieve the Seller of the obligations under the Agreement.

(c) The Company has the right to inspect and test all supplies called for by the Agreement, to the extent practicable, at all places and times, including the period of manufacture, and in any event before acceptance. The Company shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work. The Company assumes no contractual obligation to perform any inspection and test for the benefit of

the Seller unless specifically set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.

(d) If the Company performs inspection or test on the premises of the Seller or a subcontractor, the Seller shall furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in Agreement price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties. Except as otherwise provided in the Agreement, the Company shall bear the expense of Company inspections or tests made at other than the Seller's or subcontractor's premises; provided, that in case of rejection, the Company shall not be liable for any reduction in the value of inspection or test samples.

(e)(1) When supplies are not ready at the time specified by the Seller for inspection or test, the Company may charge to the Seller the additional cost of inspection or test.

(2) The Company may also charge the Seller for any additional cost of inspection or test when prior rejection makes re-inspection or retest necessary.

(f) The Company has the right either to reject or to require correction of nonconforming supplies. Supplies are nonconforming when they are defective in material or workmanship or are otherwise not in conformity with Agreement requirements. The Company may reject nonconforming supplies with or without disposition instructions.

(g) The Seller shall remove supplies rejected or required to be corrected. However, the Company may require or permit correction in place, promptly after notice, by and at the expense of the Seller. The Seller shall not tender for acceptance corrected or rejected supplies without disclosing the former rejection or requirement for correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

(h) If the Seller fails to promptly remove, replace, or correct rejected supplies that are required to be removed or to be replaced or corrected, the Company may either (1) by agreement or otherwise, remove, replace, or correct the supplies and charge the cost to the Seller or (2) terminate the agreement for default. Unless the Seller corrects or replaces the supplies within the delivery schedule, the Company may require their delivery and make an equitable price reduction.

(i)(1) If this Agreement provides for the performance of quality assurance at source, and if requested by the Company, the Seller shall furnish advance notification of the time (i) when Seller inspection or tests will be performed in accordance with this Agreement; and (ii) when the supplies will be ready for Company inspection.

(2) The Company's request shall specify the period and method of the advance notification and the Company representative to whom it shall be furnished. Requests shall not require more than two business days of advance notification if the Company representative is in residence in the Seller's plant, nor more than seven business days in other instances.

(j) The Company shall accept or reject supplies as promptly as practicable after delivery, unless otherwise provided in the Agreement. Company failure to inspect and accept or reject the supplies shall not relieve the Seller from responsibility, nor impose liability on the Company, for nonconforming supplies.

(k) Inspections and tests by the Company do not relieve the Seller of responsibility for defects or other failures to meet Agreement requirements discovered before acceptance. Acceptance by the Company shall be conclusive, except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or as otherwise provided in the Agreement.

(l) If acceptance is not conclusive for any of the reasons in paragraph (k) hereof, the Company, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this Agreement, shall have the right to require the Seller (1) at no increase in Agreement price, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies at the original point of delivery or at the Seller's plant at the Company's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Seller and the Company; provided, that the Company may require a reduction in Agreement price if the Seller fails to meet such delivery schedule, or (2) within a reasonable time after receipt by the Seller of notice of defects or nonconformance, to repay such portion of the Agreement as is equitable under the circumstances if the Company elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies are returned to the Seller, the Seller shall bear the transportation cost from the original point of delivery to the Seller's plant and return to the original point when that point is not the Seller's plant. If the Seller fails to perform or act as required in paragraph (l)(1) or (l)(2) of this clause and does not cure such failure within a period of 10 calendar days (or such longer period as the Company may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Company specifying such failure, the Company shall have the right by Agreement or otherwise to replace or correct such supplies and charge to the Seller the cost occasioned the Company thereby.

40. INSPECTION OF SERVICES

(a) Definition. "Services," as used in this clause, includes services performed, workmanship, and material furnished or utilized in the performance of services.

(b) The Seller shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Company covering the services under this Agreement. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Seller shall be maintained and made available to the Company during performance and for as long afterwards as the Agreement requires.

(c) The Company has the right to inspect and test all services called for by the Agreement, to the extent practicable at all times and places during the term of the Agreement. The Company shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

(d) If the Company performs inspections or tests on the premises of the Seller or a subcontractor, the Seller shall furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in Agreement price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

(e) If any of the services do not conform with Agreement requirements, the Company may require the Seller to perform the services again at no increase in Agreement price. When the defects in services cannot be corrected by reperformance, the Company may—

(1) Require the Seller to take necessary action to ensure that future performance conforms to Agreement requirements; and

(2) Reduce the Agreement price to reflect the reduced value of the services performed.

(f) If the Seller fails to promptly perform the services again or to take the necessary action to ensure future performance in conformity with Agreement requirements, the Company may—

(1) By agreement or otherwise, perform the services and charge to the Seller any cost incurred by the Company that is directly related to the performance of such service; or

(2) Terminate the Agreement for default.

41. WARRANTY OF SUPPLIES

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Acceptance" means the act of an authorized representative of the Company acknowledging that supplies conform with requirements of the Agreement.

"Supplies" means the end items furnished by the Seller and related services required under this Agreement.

(b) General. Notwithstanding acceptance by the Company or any provision concerning the conclusiveness thereof, the Seller warrants that for one year after delivery all supplies furnished under this Agreement will be free from defects in material or workmanship and will conform with all requirements of this Agreement.

(c) Remedies. (1) The Company shall give written notice to the Seller of any breach of warranties in paragraph (b) within 45 calendar days after discovery of the defect.

(2) Within a reasonable time after the notice, the Company may either—

(A) Require the prompt correction or replacement of supplies that do not conform with the requirements of this Agreement; or

(B) Retain such supplies and reduce the price by an amount equitable under the circumstances.

(3) When return, correction, or replacement is required, transportation charges and responsibility for the supplies while in transit shall be borne by the Seller.

(4) Corrected or replaced supplies are subject to this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. The warranty shall be equal in duration to that in paragraph (b) and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.

(d) Sampling. (1) If the Agreement provides for inspection by sampling, conformance of supplies subject to warranty shall be determined by the sampling procedures in the Agreement. The Company—

(A) May, for sampling purposes, group any supplies delivered under this Agreement;

(B) Shall use a sample of the size required by the sampling procedures for the quantity of supplies on which warranty action is proposed;

(C) May project warranty sampling results over supplies in the same shipment or in other shipments; and

(D) Need not use the same lot size as on original inspection or reconstitute the original inspection lots.

(2) Within a reasonable time after notice of any breach of the warranties the Company may exercise one or more of the following options:

(A) Require an equitable adjustment in the price for any group of supplies.

(B) Screen the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause at the Seller's expense and return nonconforming supplies to the Seller for correction or replacement.

(C) Return the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause to the Seller (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) for screening and correction or replacement.

(e)(1) The Company may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace the nonconforming supplies with similar supplies from another source and charge to the Seller the cost occasioned to the Company thereby if the Seller—

(A) Fails to deliver corrected or replaced supplies within the time established for their return; or

(B) Fails either to accept return of the nonconforming supplies or fails to make progress after their return to correct or replace them so as to endanger performance of the delivery schedule, and in either of these circumstances does not cure such failure within a period of 10 calendar days (or such longer period as the Company may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Company specifying such failure.

(2) Instead of correction or replacement by the Company, the Company may require an equitable adjustment of the price. In addition, if the Seller fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, the Company may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the Seller's account in a reasonable manner. The Company is entitled to reimbursement from the Seller, or from the proceeds of such disposal, for the reasonable expenses of the care and disposition of the nonconforming supplies, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred.

(f) The rights of the Company in this clause are in addition to its rights under any other clause of this Agreement.

42. WARRANTY OF SERVICES

(a) Definition. "Acceptance," as used in this clause, means the act of an authorized representative of the Company approving specific services as partial or complete performance of the Agreement.

(b) Notwithstanding inspection and acceptance by the Company or any provision concerning the conclusiveness thereof, the Seller warrants that all services performed under this Agreement will, at the time of acceptance, be free from defects in workmanship and conform to the requirements of this Agreement. The Company shall give written notice of any defect or nonconformance to the Seller within six months from the date of acceptance. This notice shall state either—

(1) That the Seller shall correct or reperform any defective or nonconforming services; or

(2) That the Company does not require correction or reperformance.

(c) If the Seller is required to correct or reperform, it shall be at no cost to the Company, and any services corrected or

reperformed by the Seller shall be subject to this clause to the same extent as work initially performed. If the Seller fails or refuses to correct or reperform, the Company may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace with similar services and charge to the Seller the cost occasioned to the Company thereby, or make an equitable adjustment in the price.

(d) If the Company does not require correction or reperformance, the Company shall make an equitable adjustment in the price.

43. RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPPLIES

(a) Title to supplies furnished under this Agreement shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Company takes physical possession, unless the Agreement specifically provides for earlier passage of title.

(b) Unless the Agreement specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss of or damage to supplies shall remain with the Seller until, and shall pass to the Company upon—

(1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or

(2) Acceptance by the Company or delivery of the supplies to the Company at the destination specified in the Agreement, whichever is later, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

(c) Paragraph (b) of this clause shall not apply to supplies that so fail to conform to Agreement requirements as to give a right of rejection. The risk of loss of or damage to such nonconforming supplies remains with the Seller until cure or acceptance. After cure or acceptance, paragraph (b) of this clause shall apply.

(d) Under paragraph (b) of this clause, the Seller shall not be liable for loss of or damage to supplies caused by the negligence of officers, agents, or employees of the Company acting within the scope of their employment.

44. SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND OTHER TECHNICAL DATA

(a) Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the drawings, or shown on the drawings and not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. In case of difference between drawings and specifications, the specifications shall govern. In case of discrepancy in the figures, in the drawings, or in the specifications, the matter shall be promptly submitted to the Subcontract Administrator, who shall promptly make a determination in writing. Any adjustment by the Seller without such a determination shall be at its own risk and expense.

(b) "Shop drawings" means drawings submitted to the Company by the Seller or any lower-tier subcontractor showing in detail (1) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements, and (2) the installation (*i.e.*, fit and attachment details) of materials or equipment. The term includes drawings, diagrams, layouts, schematics, descriptive literature, illustrations, schedules, performance, test data, other technical data and similar materials furnished by the Seller to explain in detail specific portions of the work. The Company may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this Agreement.

(c) If this Agreement requires shop drawings, the Seller shall coordinate all such drawings, and review them for accuracy, completeness, and compliance with requirements of this Agreement and shall indicate its approval thereon as evidence of such coordination and review. Shop drawings submitted to the Company without evidence of the Seller's approval may be returned for resubmission. The Company will indicate an approval or disapproval of the shop drawings and if not approved as submitted shall indicate its reasons therefore. Any work done before such approval shall be at the Seller's risk. Approval by the Company shall not relieve the Seller from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings and other technical data, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this Agreement, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

(d) If shop drawings show variations from the requirements of this Agreement, the Seller shall describe such variations in writing, separate from the drawings, at the time of submission. If the Company approves any such variation, the Company shall issue an appropriate modification to this Agreement, except that, if the variation is minor or does not involve a change in price or in time of performance, a modification need not be issued.

45. SUSPECT/COUNTERFEIT ITEMS

(a) Definitions. (1) A suspect item is one that visual inspection, testing, or other means indicate may not conform to established Government or industry-accepted specifications or national consensus standards; or one whose documentation, appearance, performance, material, or other characteristics may have been misrepresented by the supplier or manufacturer.

(2) A counterfeit item is a suspect item that has been copied or substituted without legal right or authority or whose material, performance, or other characteristics are misrepresented by the supplier or manufacturer.

(b)(1) Items furnished under this Agreement are intended for use in a U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) facility. Suspect and counterfeit items in the following categories have been discovered at DOE sites:

- Threaded fasteners, including fasteners in assemblies such as ratchet tie-down straps, and in particular fasteners in critical load paths of lifting equipment such as fixed and mobile cranes, forklifts, scissor lifts, manlifts, balers, truck and dock lifts, elevators, conveyors, and slings.
- Electrical components (circuit breakers, semi-conductors, current and potential transformers, fuses, resistors, switchgear, overload and protective relays, motor control centers, heaters, motor generator sets, DC power supplies, AC inverters, transmitters, GFCI's).
- Piping components (fittings, flanges, valves and valve replacement products, couplings, plugs, spacers, nozzles, pipe supports).
- Materials, including sheet, strip, castings, and other forms, and particularly materials for which welding

and heat-treating are required for conformance to specifications.

- Welding rod and electrodes.
- Computer memory modules.

(2) Additional guidance on suspect and counterfeit items and their indicators is available at the DOE web sites <http://www.eh.doe.gov/sci>.

(c) The Seller and its subcontractors and suppliers shall maintain sufficient control to prevent the procurement, installation, use, and delivery of materials and equipment that contain or exhibit suspect or counterfeit item characteristics or conditions. In the event that the Seller identifies or suspects that a suspect/counterfeit item may have been delivered under this Agreement, Seller shall immediately notify the Subcontract Administrator. Seller shall document and provide all available information regarding any item or service furnished under this Agreement that is suspected to be a suspect/counterfeit item, component, subcomponent part or material.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Seller warrants that all items furnished under this Agreement shall be genuine, new, and unused unless otherwise specified in writing by the Company. The Seller further warrants that all items used by the Seller in the performance of the work under this Agreement at the Y-12 National Security Complex consist of all genuine, original, and new components, or are otherwise suitable for the intended purpose. The Seller's warranty also extends to labels and/or trademarks or logos affixed, or designed to be affixed, to items supplied or delivered to the Company.

(e) DOE has determined that SAE Grades 5, 8, and 8.2 and ASTM Grade A325 fasteners, identified on DOE's Suspect Bolt Headmark List must not be introduced into DOE facilities. (DOE's Suspect Bolt Headmark List may be seen on the "Procurement" link at <http://www.y12.doe.gov>.) Therefore, such fasteners shall not be provided as deliverable end items or incorporated into deliverable end items under this Agreement.

(f) (1) No "fastener," as defined by the Fastener Quality Act (the Act), 15 U.S.C. 5401 et seq., shall be supplied to the Company as a deliverable end item or incorporated into deliverable end items unless it exhibits grade-identification markings and manufacturer's insignia required by the Act and implementing regulations of the Department of Commerce at 15 CFR Part 280.

(2) Records of conformance required by the Act shall be provided to the Company by the Seller upon request.

(g)(1) Vehicles and equipment with suspect fasteners described in paragraph (e) above or other suspect/counterfeit items in critical applications are not allowed on DOE sites. (A critical application is one in which failure of the item could potentially result in injury to persons or damage to the property, equipment, or environment.)

(2) The Seller must inspect all vehicles and equipment for suspect/counterfeit items and submit the "Suspect/Counterfeit Item Certification" to the STR before bringing them on site. The required Certification form is available on the "Procurement" link at <http://www.y12.doe.gov>.

(3) Vehicles and equipment on site owned or controlled by the Seller and found to contain suspect/counterfeit items must not be further used pending a Company evaluation. If the Company determines that the suspect/counterfeit items are in critical applications, the items must be repaired or replaced before the vehicles or equipment may be returned to use. Repair or replacement will be at the Seller's expense.

(h)(1) Molded case circuit breakers that cannot be substantiated by Seller as new, or that give an appearance to Company inspectors or electricians of having been used, refurbished, or reconditioned may be rejected by Company on the basis of appearance alone.

(2) The Company may obtain an opinion from the original manufacturer concerning legitimacy of any molded case circuit breaker furnished under this Agreement. The Company may reject any molded case circuit breaker provided by Seller based on the manufacturer's opinion.

(3) (a) If a molded case circuit breaker is not provided by Seller in the original manufacturer's packaging, Seller shall notify Company prior to shipment and shall provide the specific identification and markings of the container(s) to be supplied.

(b) The original manufacturer's markings, date code if used, and labels shall not have been altered or obliterated.

(c) The handle of the molded case circuit breaker shall show the original manufacturer's rating in a "hot stamp" which shall not be subsequently altered or obliterated.

(d) Terminal configuration and hardware shall not have been altered or modified from the original equipment provided by the manufacturer.

(e) All molded case circuit breakers shall be Underwriters' Laboratory (UL) rated, listed, approved, and accordingly labeled.

(i) Equipment or assemblies that consist of or contain electrical components shall exhibit, as applicable, legible amperage and voltage ratings, operating parameters, and the product manufacturer's labels and identification. Electrical components shall exhibit labels from a nationally recognized testing laboratory.

(j) Materials and equipment delivered under this Agreement shall exhibit the manufacturer's original labels and identification.

(k) The Seller shall indemnify the Company, its agents, and assignees for any financial loss, injury, or property damage resulting directly or indirectly from material, components, or parts furnished or used under this Agreement that are not genuine, original, and unused, or otherwise not suitable for the intended purpose. The Seller's indemnity includes any financial loss, injury, or property damage resulting directly or indirectly from items furnished or used under this Agreement that are defective, suspect, or counterfeit; or that have been provided under false pretenses; or that are materially altered, damaged, deteriorated, degraded, or result in product failure.

(l) Suspect/counterfeit items furnished under this Agreement will be impounded by the Company. The Seller must promptly replace them with items acceptable to the Company, and the Seller shall be liable for all costs relating to discovery, removal, impoundment, and replacement of

materials and equipment that contain or exhibit suspect or counterfeit item characteristics or conditions.

(m) Detection by the Company of any suspect or counterfeit condition may result in an investigation by the U.S. Government.

(n) The rights of Company in this clause are in addition to any other rights provided by law or contract.

(o) The Seller shall include this clause in subcontracts hereunder.

46. RISK OF LOSS

Where Company is liable to Seller for loss of conforming supplies occurring after the risk of loss has passed to Company, Company shall pay Seller the lesser of (1) the agreed price of such supplies, or (2) Seller's cost of replacing such supplies. Such loss shall entitle Seller to an equitable extension in delivery schedule obligations.

47. TRANSPORTATION

If transportation is specified "FOB Origin," (a) no insurance cost shall be allowed unless authorized in writing and (b) the bill of lading shall indicate that transportation is for DOE and the actual total transportation charges paid to the carrier(s) by Company shall be reimbursed by the Government pursuant to Contract No. DE-AC05-00OR22800. Confirmation may be made to NNSA/YSO/CO.

48. TERMINATION FOR DEFAULT

(a)(1) The Company may, subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, by written notice of default to the Seller, terminate this Agreement in whole or in part if the Seller fails to—

(i) Deliver the supplies or to perform the services within the time specified in this Agreement or any extension;

(ii) Make progress, so as to endanger performance of this Agreement (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause); or

(iii) Perform any of the other provisions of this Agreement (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause).

(2) The Company's right to terminate this Agreement under subdivisions (a)(1)(ii) and (1)(iii) of this clause, may be exercised if the Seller does not cure such failure within 10 calendar days (or more if authorized in writing by the Company) after receipt of the notice from the Company specifying the failure.

(b) If the Company terminates this Agreement in whole or in part, it may acquire, under the terms and in the manner the Company considers appropriate, supplies or services similar to those terminated, and the Seller will be liable to the Company for any excess costs for those supplies or services. However, the Seller shall continue the work not terminated.

(c) Except for defaults of subcontractors at any tier, the Seller shall not be liable for any excess costs if the failure to perform the Agreement arises from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Seller. Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance the failure

to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Seller.

(d) If the failure to perform is caused by the default of a subcontractor at any tier, and if the cause of the default is beyond the control of both the Seller and subcontractor, and without the fault or negligence of either, the Seller shall not be liable for any excess costs for failure to perform, unless the subcontracted supplies or services were obtainable from other sources in sufficient time for the Seller to meet the required delivery schedule.

(e) If this Agreement is terminated for default, the Company may require the Seller to transfer title and deliver to the Company, as directed by the Company, any (1) completed supplies, and (2) partially completed supplies and materials, parts, tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, plans, drawings, information, and contract rights (collectively referred to as "manufacturing materials" in this clause) that the Seller has specifically produced or acquired for the terminated portion of this Agreement. Upon direction of the Company, the Seller shall also protect and preserve property in its possession in which the Company has an interest.

(f) The Company shall pay the Agreement price for completed supplies delivered and accepted. The Seller and the Company shall agree on the amount of payment for manufacturing materials delivered and accepted and for the protection and preservation of the property. The Company may withhold from these amounts any sum the Company determines to be necessary to protect the Company against loss because of outstanding liens or claims of former lien holders.

(g) If, after termination, it is determined that the Seller was not in default, or that the default was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for convenience.

(h) The rights and remedies of the Company in this clause are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this Agreement.

49. TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE

(a) The Company may terminate performance of work under this Agreement in whole or, from time to time, in part if the Company determines that a termination is in the Company's interest. The Company shall terminate by delivering to the Seller a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.

(b) After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Company, the Seller shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:

(1) Stop work as specified in the notice.

(2) Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, or facilities, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the Agreement.

(3) Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.

(4) Assign to the Company, as directed by the Company, all right, title, and interest of the Seller under the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Company shall

have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

(5) With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Company, settle all outstanding liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

(6) As directed by the Company, transfer title and deliver to the Company—

(i) The fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material produced or acquired for the work terminated; and

(ii) The completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the Agreement had been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Company.

(7) Complete performance of the work not terminated.

(8) Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Company may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to this Agreement that is in the possession of the Seller and in which the Company has or may acquire an interest.

(9) Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Company, any property of the types referred to in paragraph (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Seller (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Company. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Company under this Agreement, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Company.

(c) The Seller shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 calendar days from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Company upon written request of the Seller within this 120-day period.

(d) After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart 49.001 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Seller may submit to the Company a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Company. The Seller may request the Company to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 calendar days, the Company will accept title to those items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Company may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 calendar days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

(e) After termination, the Seller shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the Company in the form and with the certification prescribed by the Company. The Seller shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than one year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Subcontract Administrator upon written request of the Seller within this one-year period. However, if the Company determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after one year or any extension. If the Seller fails to submit the

proposal within the time allowed, the Company may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Seller because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

(f) Subject to paragraph (e) of this clause, the Seller and the Company may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount to be paid or remaining to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) of this clause, exclusive of costs shown in paragraph (g)(3) of this clause, may not exceed the total Agreement price as reduced by (1) the amount of payments previously made and (2) the Agreement price of work not terminated. The Agreement shall be modified, and the Seller paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (g) of this clause shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.

(g) If the Seller and the Company fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid because of the termination of work, the Company shall pay the Seller the amounts determined by the Company as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed on under paragraph (f) of this clause:

(1) The Agreement price for completed supplies or services accepted by the Company (or sold or acquired under paragraph (b)(9) of this clause) not previously paid for, adjusted for any saving of freight and other charges.

(2) The total of—

(i) The costs incurred in the performance of the work terminated, including initial costs and preparatory expense allocable thereto, but excluding any costs attributable to supplies or services paid or to be paid under paragraph (g)(1) of this clause;

(ii) The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the Agreement if not included in subdivision (g)(2)(i) of this clause; and

(iii) A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(2)(i) of this clause, determined by the Company under 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this Agreement, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Seller would have sustained a loss on the entire Agreement had it been completed, the Company shall allow no profit under this subdivision (g)(2)(iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(3) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including—

(i) Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

(ii) The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

(iii) Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, or disposition of the termination inventory.

(h) Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Company expressly assumed the risk of loss, the Company shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Seller under paragraph (g) of this clause, the fair value, as

determined by the Company, of property that is destroyed, lost, stolen, or damaged so as to become undeliverable to the Company or to a buyer.

(i) The cost principles and procedures of Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this Agreement, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.

(j) The Seller shall separately track all proposal preparation costs relating to delay, schedule analysis, cumulative impacts, loss of productivity, or any time-related costs and shall exclude such named proposal preparation costs from its termination settlement proposal. In no event shall the Company pay for any such named proposal preparation costs.

(k) The Seller shall have the right of appeal, under the Resolution of Disputes clause, from any determination made by the Company under paragraph (e), (g), or (m) of this clause, except that if the Seller failed to submit the termination settlement proposal or request for equitable adjustment within the time provided in paragraph (e) or (m), respectively, and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal.

(l) In arriving at the amount due the Seller under this clause, there shall be deducted—

(1) All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Seller under the terminated portion of this Agreement;

(2) Any claim which the Company has against the Seller under this Agreement; and

(3) The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the Seller or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Company.

(m) If the termination is partial, the Seller may file a proposal with the Company for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the Agreement. The Company shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Seller for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 calendar days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Company.

(n)(1) The Company may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and payments against costs incurred by the Seller for the terminated portion of the Agreement, if the Company believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Seller will be entitled.

(2) If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Seller shall repay the excess to the Company upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App. 1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Seller to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Seller's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 calendar days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Company because of the circumstances.

(o) Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement or by statute, the Seller shall maintain all records and documents

relating to the terminated portion of this Agreement for three years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Seller's costs and expenses under this Agreement. The Seller shall make these records and documents available to the Company, at the Seller's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Company, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

50. CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

(a) The clauses listed in paragraph (c) below are incorporated herein by reference. The texts of FAR clauses are available at <https://www.acquisition.gov>, the texts of DEAR clauses are available at <http://www.management.energy.gov/DEAR.htm> and the texts of Company clauses are available at <http://www.y12.doe.gov>. Except as provided in (b) below, in the listed clauses "Contractor" means the Seller, "Government" means the Company, "Contract" means this Agreement, and "Contracting Officer" means the Company's Subcontract Administrator.

(b) "Government" retains its meaning in:

(1) The phrases "Government property" and "Government-furnished property;"

(2) Paragraph (a) of FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on and Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions; and

(3) DEAR 970.5208-1, Printing.

(c)(1) The following clauses are incorporated into this Agreement:

- FAR 52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (JUL 2010)
- FAR 52.222-3 Convict Labor (JUN 2003)
- FAR 52.222-20 Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (DEC 1996)
- FAR 52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (FEB 1999)
- FAR 52.222-26 Equal Opportunity (MAR 2007) (The required poster is available at: <http://www.dol.gov/ofccp/regs/compliance/posters/ofccpost.htm>)
- FAR 52.222-29 Notification of Visa Denial (JUN 2003)
- FAR 52.222-35 Affirmative Action for Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (SEP 2006)
- FAR 52.222-36 Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 1998)
- FAR 52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification (JAN 2009)
- FAR 52.224-2 Privacy Act (APR 1984)
(Applies to scope of work for system of records on individuals)
- FAR 52.225-1 Buy American Act --Supplies (FEB 2009)
- FAR 52.225-8 Duty-Free Entry (FEB 2000)
- FAR 52.225-13 Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUN 2008)

- FAR 52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items (JUN 2010)
- FAR 52.247-64 Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006)
- Nuclear Hazards Indemnity and Price-Anderson Amendments Act (APR 2010) (Company)
- DEAR 952.204-77 Computer Security (AUG 2006)
- DEAR 970.5208-1 Printing (DEC 2000)
- Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data (APR 2010) (Company)
- Security of Unclassified Controlled and Proprietary Information (APR 2010) (Company)
- Travel Reimbursement Policy (APR 2010) (Company)

(c)(2) The following clauses are incorporated when Seller personnel work on-site:

- Badging, Personal Identity Verification and Security Clearances for Seller Employees (NOV 2010) (Company)
- DEAR 952.223-75 Preservation of Individual Occupational Radiation Exposure Records (APR 1984)
- Foreign Nationals (APR 2010) (Company)
- Hazardous Materials Reporting (APR 2010) (Company)
- Required Training (JUL 2010) (Company)
- Subcontract Administrative Requirements (APR 2010) (Company)
- Appropriate Footwear Policy (APR 2010) (Company)
- Y-12 Motor Vehicle and Pedestrian Safety (SEPT 2010) (Company)
- Smoking Policy (APR 2010) (Company)

(c)(3) The following clauses are incorporated if the work involves access to classified information or special nuclear material:

- DEAR 952.204-2 Security (AUG 2009)
- DEAR 952.204-70 Classification/Declassification (SEP 1997)
- Exhibit 7 Classified Inventions (JUL 2010) (Company)
- FAR 52.227-10 Filing of Patent Applications-Classified Subject Matter (DEC 2007)
- Civil Penalties for Classified-Information Security Violations (APR 2010) (Company)

(c)(4) The following clauses are incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$100,000:

- FAR 52.222-4 Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act - Overtime Compensation (JUL 2005)
- FAR 52.222-37 Employment Reports on Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (SEP 2006)
- FAR 52.223-14 Toxic Chemical Release Reporting (AUG 2003), except paragraph (e)
- DEAR 970.5227-5 Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement (AUG 2002)

- (c)(5) The following clauses are incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$150,000:
- FAR 52.203-6 Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (SEP 2006)
 - FAR 52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures (JUL 1995), except paragraph (c)(1)
 - FAR 52.203-12 Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (SEP 2007)
 - FAR 52.215-2 Audit and Records - Negotiation (JUN 1999)
 - FAR 52.219-8 Utilization of Small Business Concerns (MAY 2004)
 - FAR 52.247-63 Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers (JUN 2003)
 - Sustainable Acquisition Program (NOV 2010) (Company)
- (c)(6) The following clauses are incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$500,000:
- DEAR 952.226-74 Displaced Employee Hiring Preference (JUN 1997)
 - DEAR 970.5226-2 Workforce Restructuring Under Section 3161 of the National Defense Authorization Act for FY1993 (DEC 2000)
- (c)(7) The following clauses are incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$650,000:
- FAR 52.219-9 Small Business Subcontracting Plan (JUL 2010)
- (c)(8) The following clauses are incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$700,000:
- FAR 52.215-10 Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data (OCT 1997)
 - FAR 52.215-12 Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data (OCT 1997)
 - Cost Accounting Standards--Clauses (Company) (SEPT 2010) modeled on FAR 52.230-2
- (c)(9) The following clause is incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$1,000,000:
- Bid Escrow Documents (JUL 2010) (Company)
- (c)(10) The following clause is incorporated if this Agreement exceeds \$5,000,000 and has a performance period of more than 120 days:
- FAR 52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (APR 2010)